

Malicious Detection Report

マルウェア検出報告

December 19, 2014 Editor: Kitani

Most detected malware in Nov 2014 was a variant of “Win32/Kryptik.BWXD” (190 reports). This is false detection due to the Microsoft OneDrive. Secondly, a variant of “Win32/InstallCore.QW” came to the Center. This is compositive malicious software. The software forces an infected PC to send spam, share private information (information leak), allow outside access by attacks, or other malicious activities.

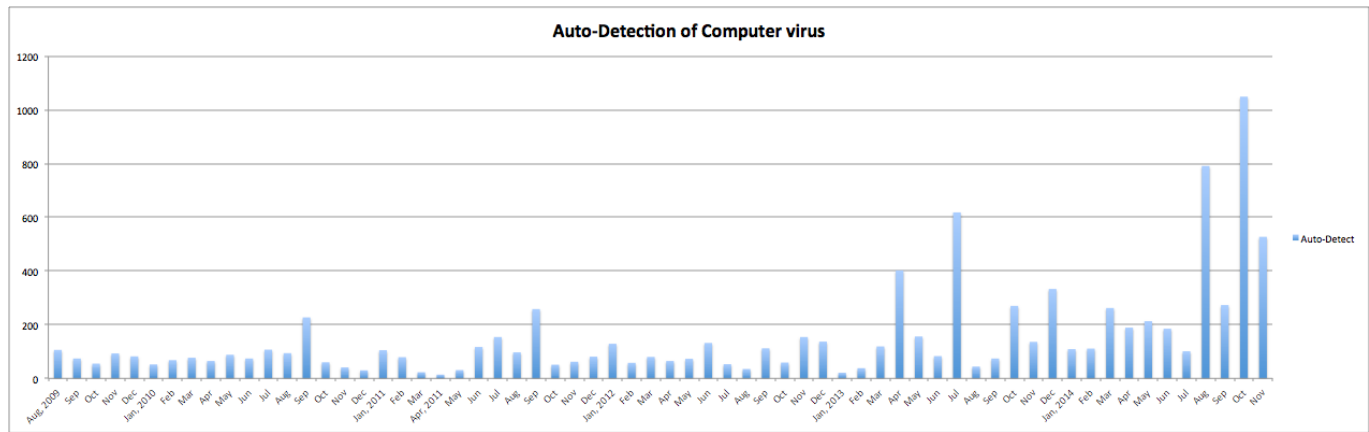
[PLEASE pay attention about Prevention Measure]

The information security risks (including the information leak) exist in various routes. The Center’s security software has been detecting most of them, but it cannot be perfect even if the highest technology and the enough cost are used. Finally, the crisis awareness of PC users is required.

At least, **PLEASE check the following prevention measures.**

1. Create "Autorun.inf" folder on the top of removable media.
2. Update of the computer security

Please see <http://www.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/info/security> (in English and Japanese)



* “Auto-Detection” is the number of a malware which can be detected by our anti-virus software.

[Auto-Detection Total]: 9,656 (since August 2009)

FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014
607	993	1,132	998	2,598	3,328

[Status Report of detection computer virus on Nov 2014

*527 malware were detected among 23 PCs.

